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MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55440-1022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2174	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/723,535	KLINGER, UWE
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	BORIS PESIN	2174
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mai earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA' 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS ute, cause the application to become ABANI	TION. be timely filed from the mailing date of this communication. DONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ The 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13,16,17,21,22 and 60 is/are pen 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdi 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13, 16-17, 21-22 and 60 is/are rej 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a specificant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the left of the specific specific and the specific specif	ccepted or b) objected to by se drawing(s) be held in abeyance. ection is required if the drawing(s)	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Appl iority documents have been red au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	lication No ceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/M	mary (PTO-413) ail Date mal Patent Application

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

This communication is responsive to the amendment filed 8/12/2008.

Claims 1-13, 16-17, 21-22 and 60 are pending in this application. Claims 1 and 60 are independent claims. In the amendment filed 8/12/2008, Claims 1 and 60 were amended. This action is made Non-Final.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claim 60 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

Data structures not claimed as embodied in computer-readable media are descriptive material per se and are not statutory because they are not capable of causing functional change in the computer. See, e.g., Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1361, 31 USPQ2d at 1760 (claim to a data structure per se held nonstatutory). Such claimed data structures do not define any structural and functional interrelationships between the data structure and other claimed aspects of the invention which permit the data structure's functionality to be realized. See MPEP 2106.01

Claim 60 claims a "computer program product" that is not embodied on a computer-readable media. One option of putting the computer program product on a computer readable media is to embody the program onto a computer readable media (hard disk drive, DVD) and explicitly describe that the computer program product exists as computer readable instructions on a computer readable media.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-13, 16-17, 21-22, and 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1 and 60 recites the limitation as below:

"if the server device has provided to the client device, a request to be made by the client device back to the server device, the request regarding the requested one of the back function and the forward function for the first application page, the request instructing the server device to change the application program from the first state to a second state, generating the provided request to the server device in response to receiving the input~ and receiving at the client device and displaying in the browser a second application page provided by the server device in response to receiving the request;

(2) if the server device has not provided to the client device, a request to be made by the client device back to the server device, the request regarding the requested one of the back function and the forward function for the first application page, not requesting a change to the first state in response to the input and continuing to

display the first application page (inherent, in continuing to display, if no request is made)."

This is confusing. In number (1), it is unclear as to why the server is providing the client with the request to change the application from one state to another. It makes sense for the client to request from the server a change in the application page, but not vice versa.

In number (2), it is confusing, because it says that there was a request for back or forward function (i.e. the input), and then it says "not requesting a change." Is it requesting a back or forward function, which is a change? Or is it not requesting a change, which is a contradiction to back, forward, or an input cited in claim 1 prior to this limitation? Clarify.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-13, 16-17, 21-22, 60 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Slotznick (6011537).

Re claim 1 (as best understood), Slotznick discloses a method of providing navigation in a browser, the method comprising:

displaying a first application page in a browser on a client device, the first application page being received from a server device and relating to a first state of an

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application program on the server device, the browser having a back function and a forward function (see column 18 lines 11-14 according to the numbering in the middle and column 37 lines 24-25 for example);

receiving an input from a user while the first application page is being displayed, the input requesting one of the back function and the forward function (see column 37 lines 24-25 for example); and

- (1) if the server device has provided to the client device, a request to be made by the client device back to the server device, the request regarding the requested one of the back function and the forward function for the first application page, the request instructing the server device to change the application program from the first state to a second state, generating the provided request to the server device in response to receiving the input and receiving at the client device and displaying in the browser a second application page provided by the server device in response to receiving the request (see abstract and column 18 lines 11-14 and column 37 lines 24-28 for example);
- (2) if the server device has not provided to the client device, a request to be made by the client device back to the server device, the request regarding the requested one of the back function and the forward function for the first application page, not requesting a change to the first state in response to the input and continuing to display the first application page (inherent, in continuing to display, if no request is made).

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Re claim 2, Slotznick discloses a method, further comprising loading at least one invisible page in the browser such that the first application page is visible in the browser after the at least one invisible page has been loaded (see column 15 lines 5-6, lines 14-20, lines 32-36 for example).

Re claim 3, Slotznick discloses a method, wherein loading the at least one invisible page comprises loading a first invisible page and then a second invisible page in the browser (different secondary information for example, see column 16 lines 15-18).

Re claim 4, Slotznick discloses a method, further comprising again loading the first invisible page if the input requests the back function (column 17 lines 47 and lines 54-59 for example).

Re claim 5, Slotznick discloses a method, wherein again loading the first invisible page triggers generation of the request (column 15 lines 5-6, lines 14-20, lines 32-36 for example).

Re claim 6, Slotznick discloses a method, further comprising storing information in a cookie on the client device to identify that the first invisible page is again being loaded in response to receiving the input requesting the back function (see column 15 lines 41-44, column 16 lines 29-33 for example).

Re claim 7, Slotznick discloses a method, further comprising activating the back function after loading the second invisible page and again loading the first invisible page (column 17 lines 47, lines 54-59 for example).

Re claim 8, Slotznick discloses a method, further comprising again loading the second invisible page if the input requests the forward function (column 37 lines 24-25 for example).

Re claim 9, Slotznick discloses a method, wherein again loading the second invisible page triggers generation of the request (column 16 lines 15-20 and column 37 lines 24-25 for example).

Re claim 10, Slotznick discloses a method, further comprising storing information in a cookie on the client device to identify that the second invisible page is again being loaded in response to receiving the input requesting the forward function (column 15 lines 41-44, column 16 lines 29-33 for example).

Re claim 11, Slotznick discloses a method, further comprising loading a third invisible page in the browser after loading the second invisible page and activating the back function after loading the third invisible page and again loading the second invisible page (column 16 lines 15-20 for example).

Re claim 12, Slotznick discloses a method, further comprising: again loading the first invisible page if the input requests the back function; and again loading the third invisible page if the input requests the forward function (column 16 lines 15-20, c37 lines 24-25 for example).

Re claim 13, Slotznick discloses a method, wherein generation of the request is triggered by again loading one of the first and third invisible pages (column 16 lines 15-20 for example).

Re claim 16, Slotznick discloses a method, wherein the request comprises that a measure taken on the server device be undone (inherent function of forward and backward for example, see column 37 lines 24-25).

Re claim 17, Slotznick discloses a method, wherein the request comprises that a measure taken on the server device that has been undone should be redone (see column 37 lines 24-25 for example).

Re claim 22, Slotznick discloses a method, wherein the application page is received from the server device in response to a request sent from the client device (column 18 lines 11-14 for example).

Claim 60 is similar in scope to claim 1; therefore it is rejected under similar rationale.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Slotznick in view of Li (7003695).

Re claim 21, Slotznick substantially discloses the method as set forth in claim 19 above. Slotznick does not explicitly disclose the method further comprising displaying

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a message to the user announcing one of an impossibility of undoing a measure taken on the server device and an impossibility of redoing a measure taken on the server device that has been undone. However, Li teaches of a method wherein an action further comprises displaying a message to the user announcing one of an impossibility of undoing a measure taken on the server device and an impossibility of redoing a measure taken on the server device that has been undone (see claim 9 for example). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the message of Li on the method of Slotznick in order to provide clear message of inability of the program.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 8/12/2008 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's arguments that Slotznick fails to disclose or suggest the conditional generating step, the Examiner respectfully disagrees. The claim is confusing; nevertheless, Slotznick does teach a conditional generating step (see abstract and column 18 lines 11-14 and column 37 lines 24-28 for example).

Inquiry

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to BORIS PESIN whose telephone number is (571)272-4070. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday except every other Friday.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Hong can be reached on (571) 272-4124. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Boris Pesin/ Examiner, Art Unit 2174